

Establishing 3D collagen cultures in device

- 1) To embed cells in collagen, it is necessary to lower the pH of the collagen to achieve polymerization by mixing the collagen with a setting solution. Prepare the setting solution by mixing 100 ml of 10X EBSS with 2.45 g of NaHCO₃, 7.5 ml of 1 M NaOH and 42.5 ml of sterile distilled water. Further sterilize using a bottle top 0.22 micron filter unit attached to a sterile bottle.
- 2) Mix the rat tail collagen I (2.5- 3.5 mg/ml) (Corning Product #354236). with setting solution at a starting 4: 1 ratio. For 1 device, use 200-300 ul of collagen with 50-75 ul of setting solution in an eppendorf tube. Vortex briefly or pipet the sample up and down to mix the sample thoroughly. Note, volumes can be adjusted as desired.
- 3) Add collagen or setting solution at 5-10 ul increments and mix thoroughly until the phenol red dye in the mixture changes to a light pink to orange color, reflecting a neutral pH. A yellow color indicates acidic (low) pH while dark pink reflects basic or high pH. Keep the mixture, cold on ice as higher temperatures will accelerate polymerization.
- 4) Trypsinize cells. Check for de-tachment using a microscope. Quench the trypsin by pipetting 9 ml of complete medium on the plate and transfer the cells to a sterile 15 ml conical tube.
- 5) Count cells. Mix 100,000 cells or more with collagen: setting solution. Swivel device closed. Add collagen:cell mixture to device. Incubate the devices in a test chamber 3.5 cm in diameter or larger at 37°C for 10 minutes to polymerize.
- 6) Add at least 400 ul of media to device. Culture for 24 hours before treatments.
- 7) If test chamber is 3.5 cm in diameter, incubate test chamber containing at least 500,000 immune cells with 5_≥ mls of media. If you choose a smaller volume in the test chamber, make sure opening of device is submerged in media.